Equatorial Scintillation Impact On GNSS Precise Positioning Services

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Yahya Memarzadeh Fugro Intersite B.V.

NOAA Space Weather Workshop, 1-5 May 2017, Broomfield Colorado USA

Overview



Introduction to Fugro

GNSS Infrastructure Positioning Services

Space Weather Impact on GNSS Positioning

Ionospheric Disturbances Ionospheric Plasma Bubbles

Ionospheric Scintillation

Occurrence in Equatorial Region Fugro Scintillation Prediction Service

Summary

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GNSS Infrastructure



More than **150** Reference Stations in Multiple Network Configurations Using **8** Geostationary Satellite Channels



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Fugro GNSS Positioning Services





SPACE WEATHER IMPACT ON GNSS

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Space Weather Impact on GNSS





Space Weather Impact on GNSS Positioning (Range Error)





Note: White circles show the Fugro reference stations over the world

TEC Disturbances (Range Error)





Note: White circles show the Fugro reference stations over the world

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EQUATORIAL SCINTILLATION

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GNSS Signal Scintillation in Equatorial Region

Small-scale irregularities of ionospheric electron density in space (**Plasma bubbles**) causes GNSS signal scintillation.

Plasma bubbles is more common at **equatorial region**, Mostly evening after sunset, Seasonal variation, Bubbles increase during severe solar activity.

By the plasma bubbles, GNSS signal diffracted and refracted this leads to:

Amplitude Scintillation
Phase Scintillation

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Due to ionospheric scintillation, GNSS receiver performance is degraded:

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- Signal power loss (likely Loss-of-Lock)
- Affects signal tracking
- Increase measurement noise

Typical GNSS Signal Scintillation







Amplitude Scintillation Impact



West Africa, Sao Tome (6th April 2015)



G2 Height Error (GPS+GLONASS)



Loose of satellites due to amplitude scintillation is the most severe cause

Loss of Lock Indicator graph (Amplitude Scintillation)

Tue 07 Apr 2015: L1/L2 Loss of Lock in Fugro GPS Network over 24 Hours Area: World

To mitigate: Use Multiple GNSS





Ionospheric Pierce Points for all satellites at the ionospheric height of 350 km (Mask=20°)



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Scintillation Impact on Precise GNSS Positioning (G2+)

G2+ using GPS+GLONASS



L-Band Scintillation & Communication Outage







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SCINTILLATION OCCURRENCE

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The most affected sites by Scintillation (2014-2016)



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Seasonal Variation of Scintillations in Brazilian Sector



In **summer**, scintillation is **calm** and **no impact** on GNSS.



Recife (Brazil): Number of Scintillation Days

December

12



Seasonal Variation of Scintillations in West Africa





In **summer**, scintillation is **calm** and **less impact** on GNSS.



Abidjan (West Africa): Number of Scintillation Days

Occurrence of Scintillations in Brazilian Sector (2013-2017)





Occurrence of Scintillations in West Africa (2013–2017)



Significant reduction of scintillation toward solar minimum

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Sunspot

Updated 2017 An

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SCINTILLATIONS PREDICTION

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Predictability of Equatorial Scintillation





Station: RECI (086), PRN 12, Wednesday 27 November 2013

Predictability of Equatorial Scintillation







Regional Scintillation Prediction, Brazil



Next 24h (Prediction)

Last 24h (Observation)

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SintMon v2.4. 08-Oct-2014

Regional Scintillation Prediction, Brazil (Animated)

ww.gif-animator.com - LINREGISTERE

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World Map of SDOP

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In the equatorial region, accuracy of predicted severe scintillation is ~70%

Fugro Scintillation Service (ScintStar)

Objective: Near real-time scintillation prediction (in time & space) for 24 ahead specific for a GNSS user location.

The service provides the following information:

- Scintillation status in the user working area,
- Start and end times of scintillation,
- GNSS satellites affected by scintillation,
- Risk of L-band communication outage.

Summary

GNSS data from a network of geodetic receivers are sufficient for detecting and monitoring ionospheric scintillations.

Equatorial Scintillations:

- Occurrence of scintillation significantly reduced towards **solar minimum**.
- Brazilian Sector and west Africa are the most affected regions.
- In Brazilian Sector and West Africa from May to August, scintillation is calm and no impact on GNSS.
- GPS only DGPS and PPP services may suffer from not having enough satellites due to amplitude Scintillation.
- Phase scintillation can be a limiter for GNSS precise services (e.g. G2+).

Fugro Scintillation Prediction Service:

- Product works for Fugro Offshore customers.
- Prediction of scintillations around equator (for 24h ahead) is ~70% accurate.
- Using **SDOP** for GNSS is highly valuable.
- New markets are Satellite Communication users (e.g. Iridium, Globalstar, Satcom).

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Thanks for your attention

Yahya Memarzadeh GNSS R&D team Geodesist

Fugro Intersite B.V. Dillenburgsingel 69 Leidschendam 2263 HW The Netherlands

Y.Memarzadeh@fugro.com