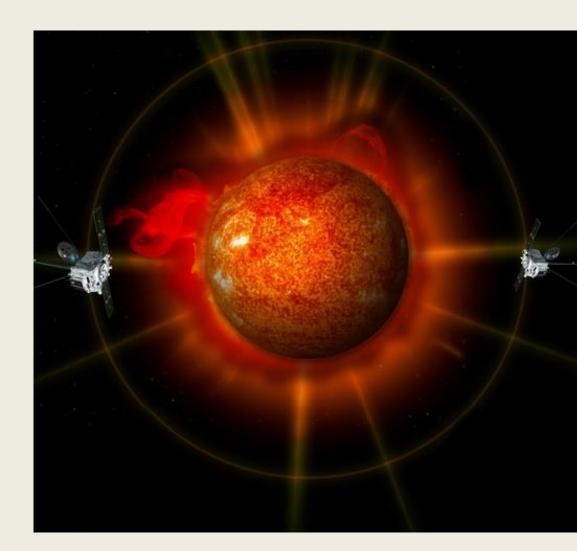
NASA's STEREO Mission (Solar Terrestrial Relations Observatory)



T.A. Kucera,

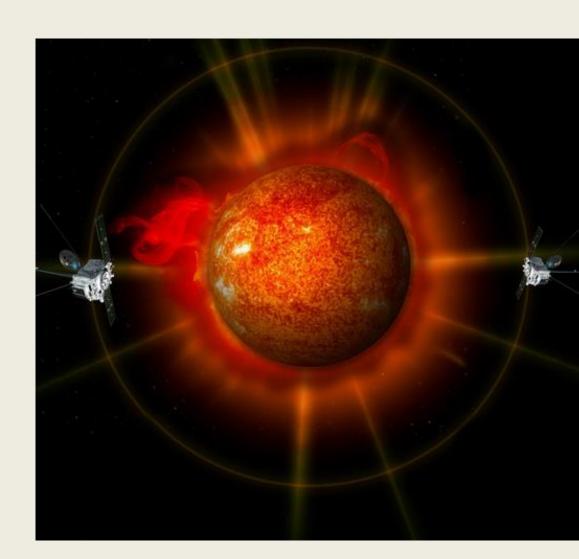
W. T. Thompson, J.B. Gurman
NASA Goddard Space Flight Center





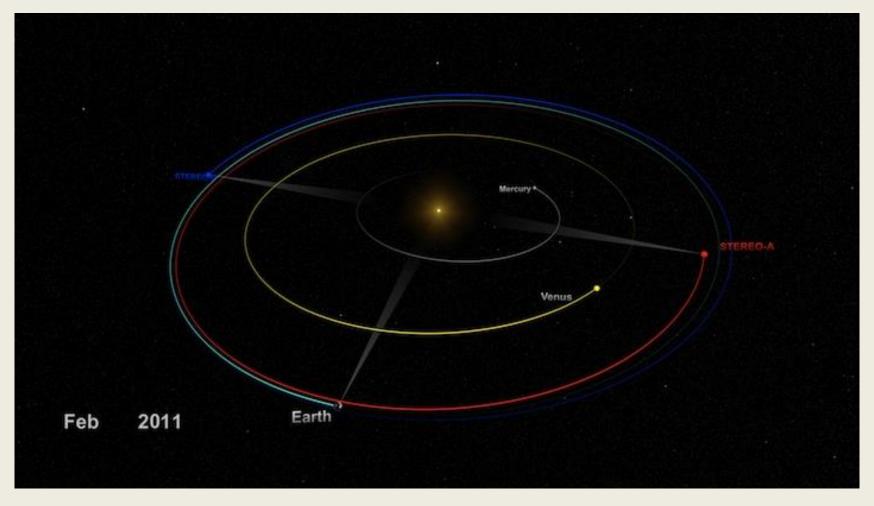
Outline

- Intro to STEREO
 - Orbit
 - Goals
 - Instruments
- Operational
 - Beacon mode status
- Recent results
 - Far Side Observations
 - Multi-spacecraft CME analysis





STEREO A & B orbits



Video at http://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/vis/a010000/a010700/a010718/index.html



Goals

- Understand the causes and mechanisms of CME initiation
- Characterize the propagation of CMEs through the heliosphere
- Discover the mechanisms and sites of energetic particle acceleration in the low corona and the interplanetary medium
- Develop a 3D, time-dependent model of the magnetic topology, temperature, density, and velocity structure of the ambient solar wind



Scientific Instruments

- S/WAVES broad frequency response radio detection of Type II, III bursts
- PLASTIC solar wind plasma and suprathermal ion composition measurements
- IMPACT energetic electrons and ions, magnetic field
- SECCHI EUV, coronagraphs and heliospheric imagers (surface to 1.5 AU)



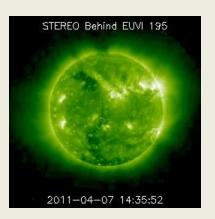
Two Data Streams

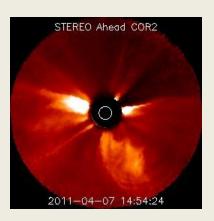
- Full Science Data full resolution science data downloaded via Deep Space Network about 2 days after observations.
- Real Time Space Weather Beacon Data low data rate, for Space Weather prediction. In partnership with NOAA SWPC.

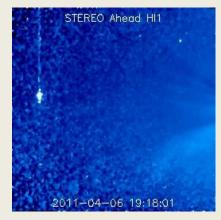


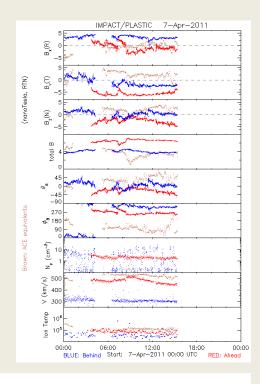
Beacon Data Products

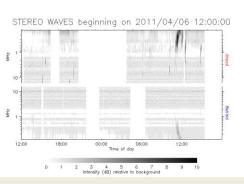
- SECCHI images reduced to 256 x 256 pixels and highly compressed
- Subsampled solar wind and energetic particle data (PLASTIC, IMPACT)
- Subsampled RF data from S/WAVES









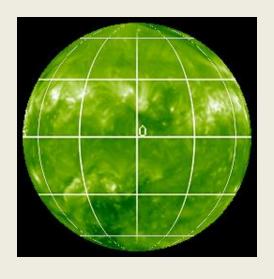


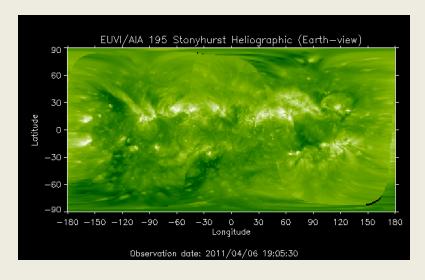
http://stereo.gsfc.nasa.gov/beacon/



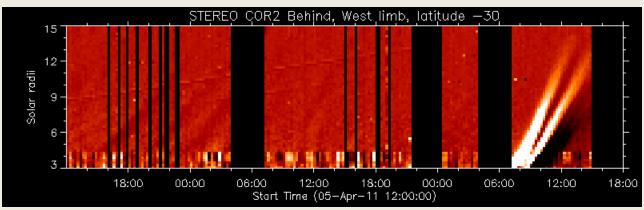
Beacon Higher Level Data Products

Full Sun maps (STEREO+ SDO)





• J-Maps





Beacon Mode

Beacon mode

 Low rate (currently 633 bps). Will soon be switching to more efficient encoding method that will allow us to continue with current data rate for rest of the mission

- Informal antenna partners
 - Arranged in partnership with NOAA SWPC
 - Currently: Bochum and Kiel, Germany (radio amateurs),
 Toulouse, France (CNES), Koganei, Japan (NIISC)



Need more beacon stations in Americas, Pacific, Asia



Need 10 meter or larger antennas – X band

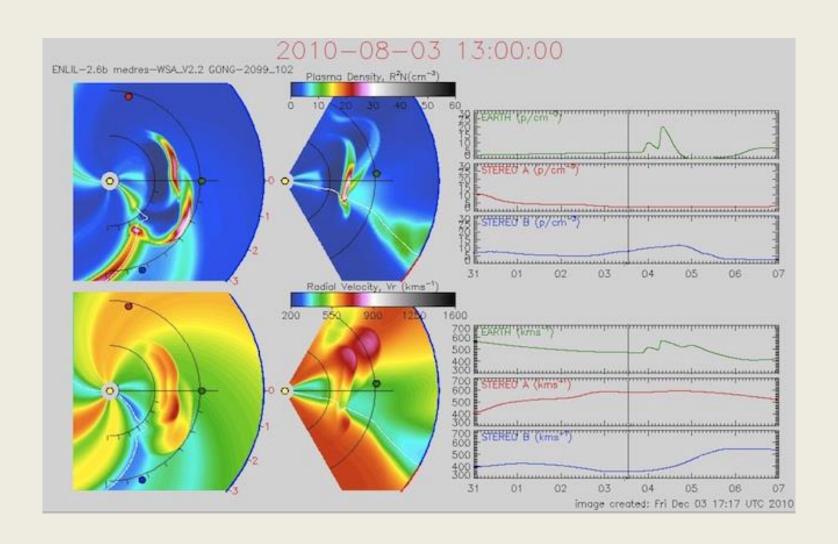


Uses in SWPC Forecasting

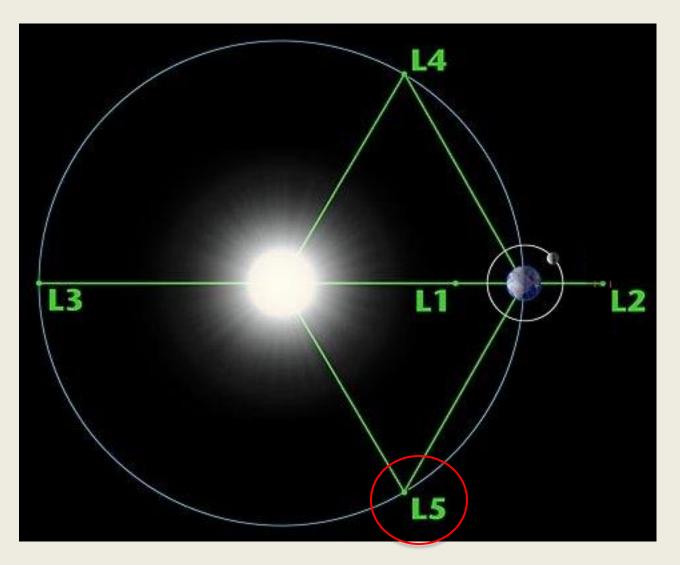
- Active Regions: provides view of far side of Sun & active region evolution there.
- CMEs: STEREO & SOHO used to determine velocity, direction, and width of CMEs used as input to the Enlil model
- CIRs: STEREO-B used to provide warning on high speed streams from coronal holes
- **SEPs**: situational awareness of energetic particles.
- **Future Missions**: STEREO test bed for what capabilities would be most useful in future heliospheric space weather spacecraft.



Enlil model run for Aug. 1, 2010 CME

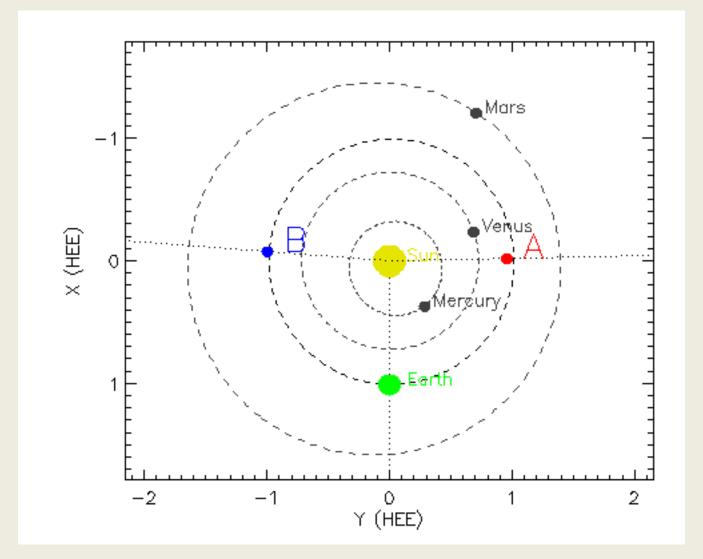


Lagrange Points – Monitor at L5?



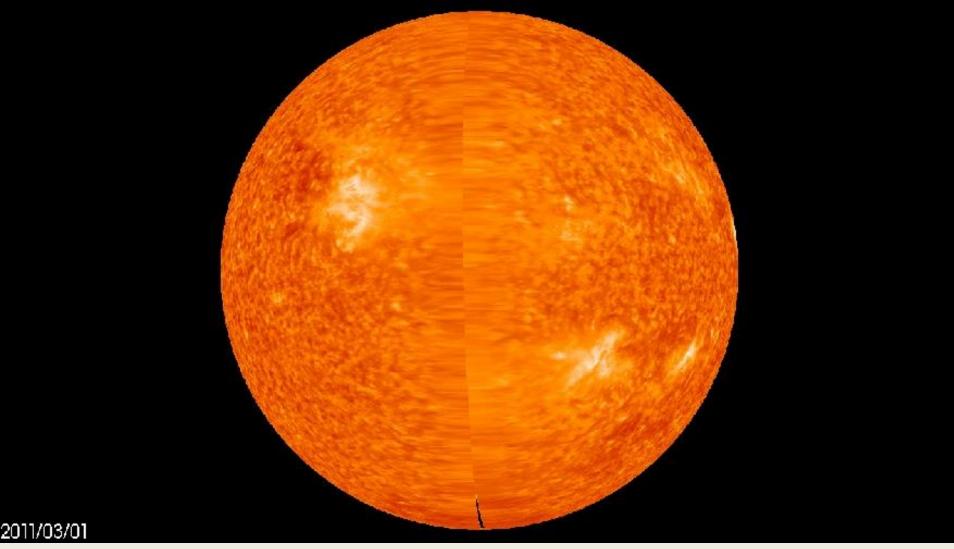


Full Solar System Space Weather



Far-side of the Sun

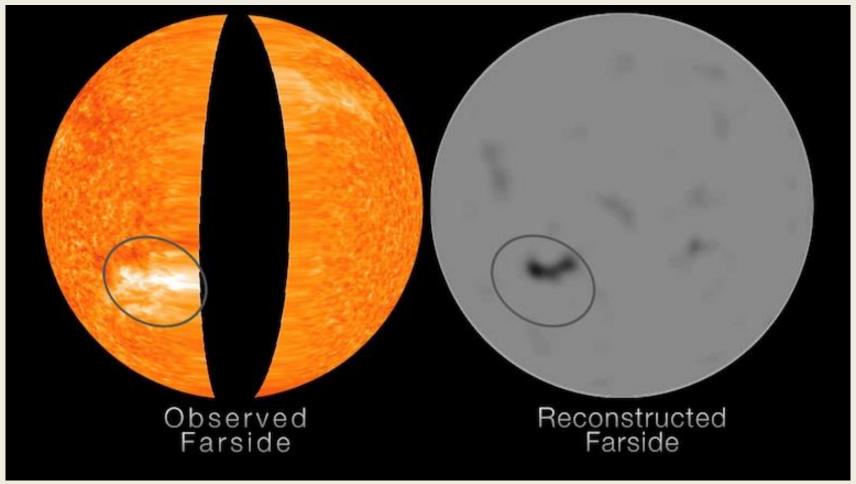




304 Å, STEREO A & B SECCHI/EUVI



Comparison & Calibration of Far-side Images

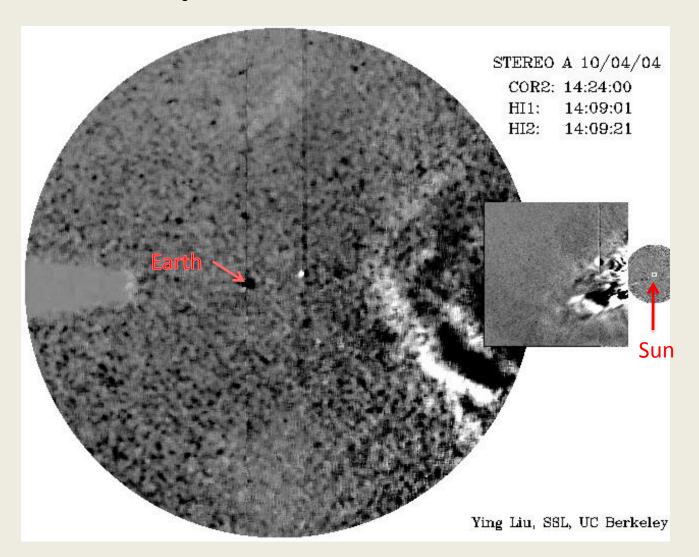


STEREO A & B SECCHI/EUVI

Reconstruction using SDO/HMI and GONG



April 3, 2010 CME



COR-2 | 11:24 UT

HI-1A 18:09 UT

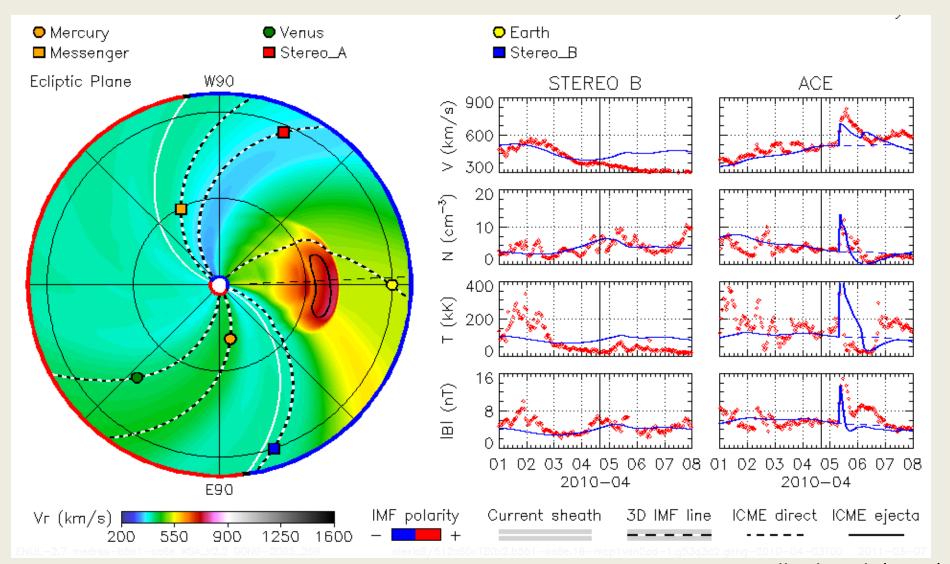


Modeling the April 2010 CME

Shock Fronts and Solar Energetic **Particles**

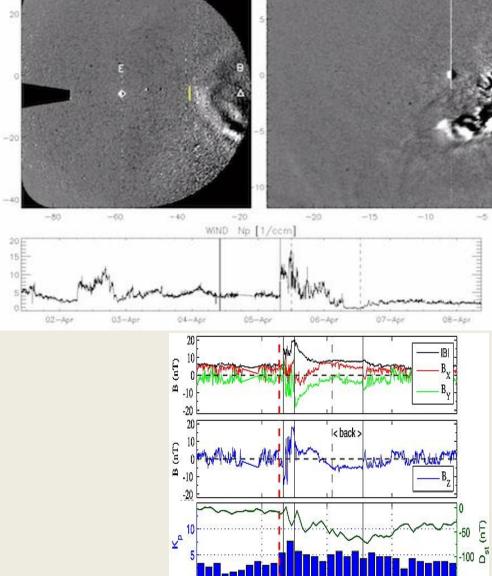
The April 3, 2010 CME: Shock and SEPs









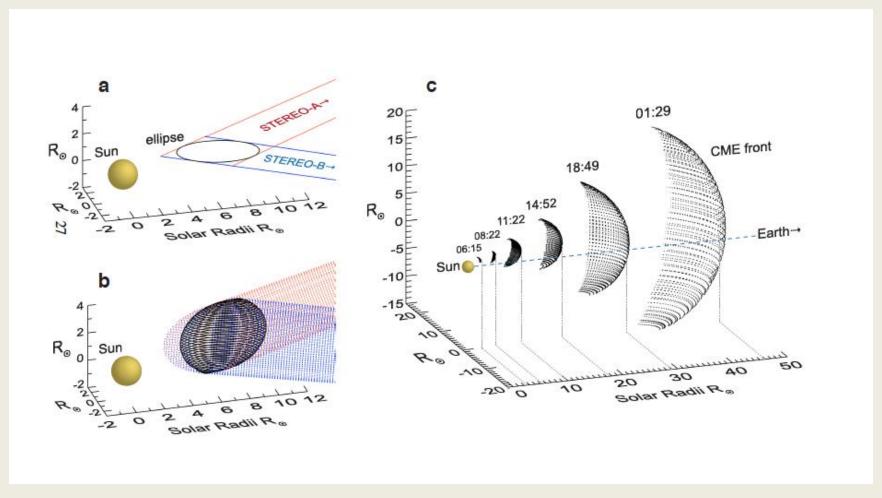


The April 3, 2010 CME: Magnetic Field

06-Apr



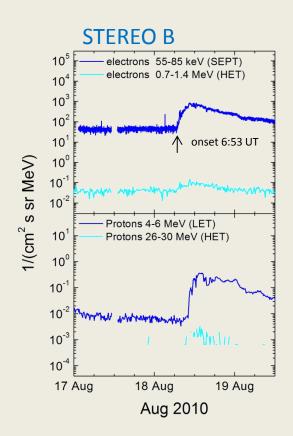
CME Front Trajectory



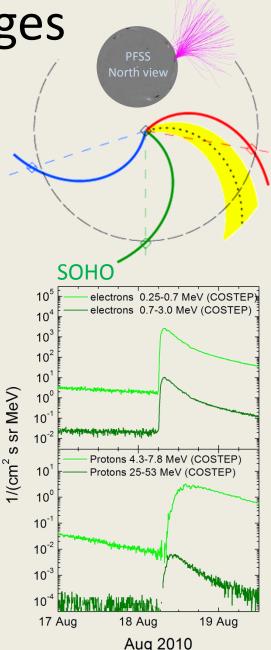
CME Dec. 12, 2008 Byrne et al 2010

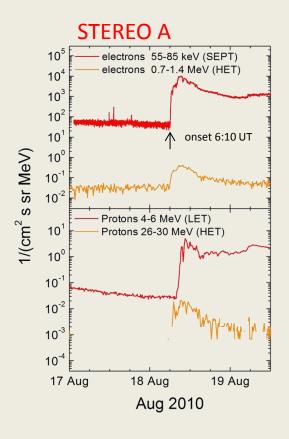
SEPs over large longitude ranges





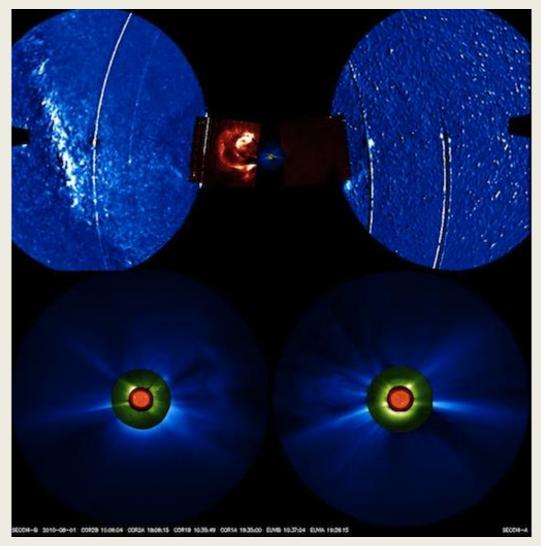
August 18, 2010 multispacecraft SEP event







Aug 1 - 20, 2010



STEREO/SECCHI, NRL



DSN Nominal Telemetry Rates for Full Resolution Data

Telemetry (kps)	STEREO A Start Date	STEREO B Start Date
720	2007/01/22	2007/01/22
480	2008/09/15	2008/10/13
360	2009/09/08	2009/08/17
240	2009/12/07	2010/04/26
160	2011/07/15	2011/06/27
120	2012/11/04	2013/05/03

+ Higher rate passes with 70 meter stations as available