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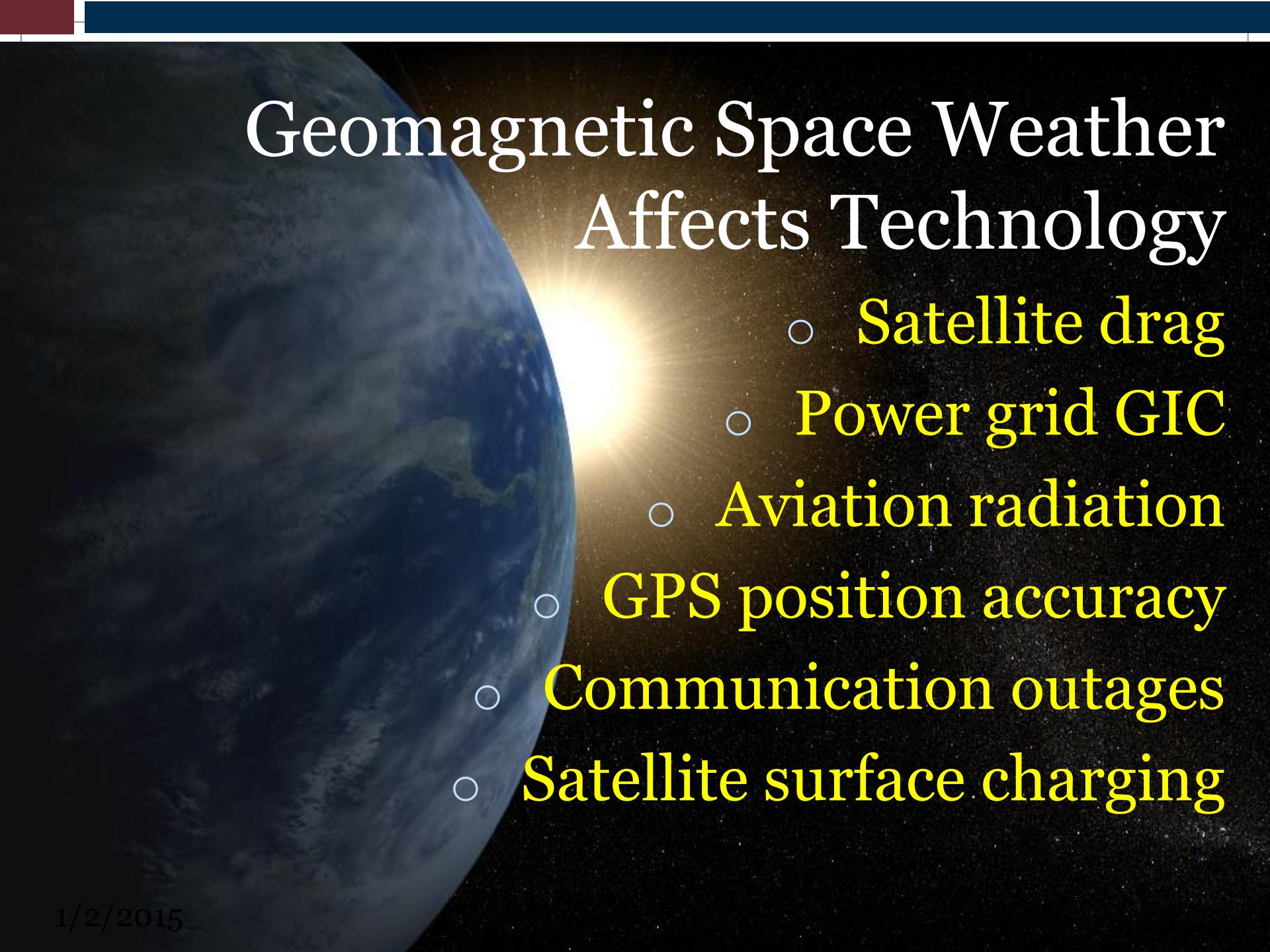


Anemomilos



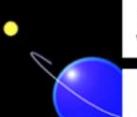
Operational Dst from real-time data streams and forecast algorithms

**W.K. TOBISKA, D. KNIPP, D. BOUWER, R. SHELLEY, J. BAILEY,
B. BURKE, P. HAGAN, D. ODSTRCIL, J. LOVE, J. GANNON, P.
FRIBERG, V. ECCLES, B. SCHUNK, D. INTRILIGATOR, M. HESSE,
M. KUZNETSOVA, R. MORRIS, R. QUINN, S. O'MALLEY, AND B.
BOWMAN**



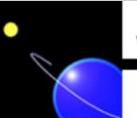
Geomagnetic Space Weather Affects Technology

- Satellite drag
- Power grid GIC
- Aviation radiation
- GPS position accuracy
- Communication outages
- Satellite surface charging



Turning Measurements into Useful Products

- **Real-time Dst:** operational data is now being produced by several institutions
- **Forecast Dst:** operational algorithms (prime/stream A and redundant/stream B) now being tested
- **Distributed Network:** Real-time and forecast Dst is collected/produced/delivered via a distributed network to provide end-user content (a supply chain)
- **Satellite Drag End Product:** Dst is an input into JB2008 thermospheric density model used for operational satellite drag calculations



SPACE ENVIRONMENT TECHNOLOGIES

Space Research

Space Operations

Space Standards

OPERATIONAL DST



JB2008 2010/195 23:27 400 km

$\frac{kg}{m^2}$

1.220E-12

1E-12

90

60

30

0

-30

-60

-90

F1

250

200

150

100

50

0

50

100

150

200

250

300

350

400

0 60 120

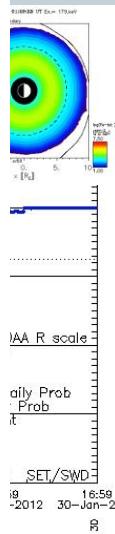
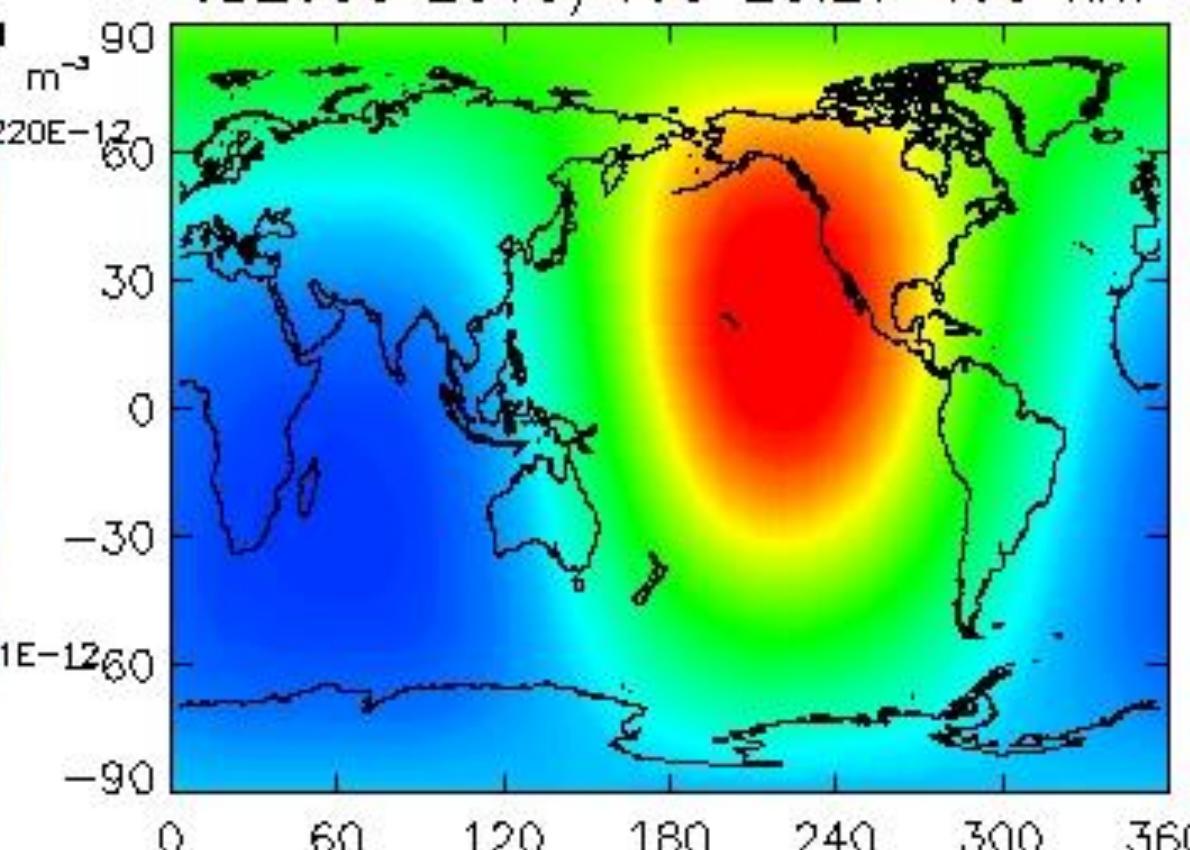
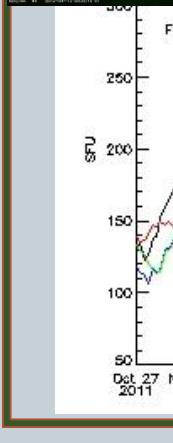
180

240

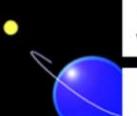
300

360

photo
corona
drag

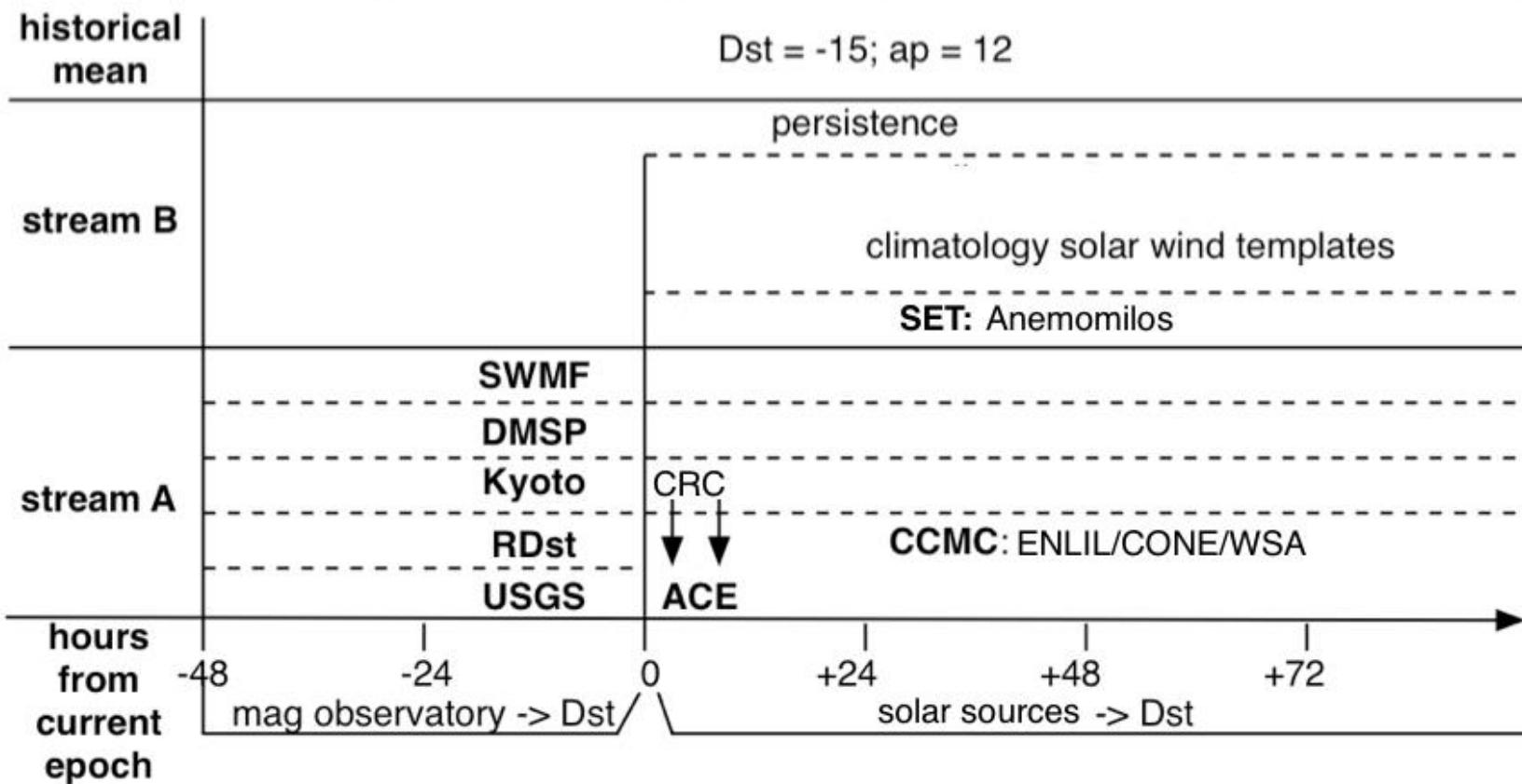


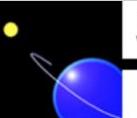
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5
es



Operational Dst goals

Hierarchy of definitive, real-time, and forecast Dst redundancy

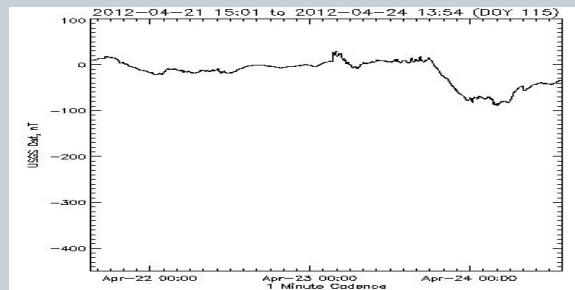




Real-time operational Dst

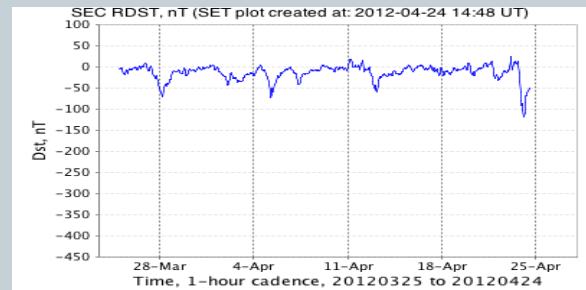
USGS

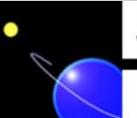
- uses up to 4 magnetic observatories (HER, SJN, HON, KAK)
- produces 1-minute Dst



SEC

- uses up to 4 magnetic observatories (HER, SJN, HON, GUA)
- produces 1-hour Dst

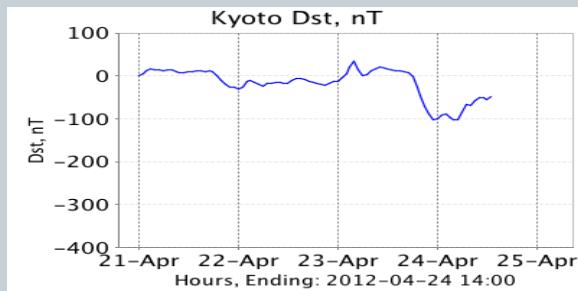




Real-time operational Dst

Kyoto

- uses up to 4 magnetic observatories (HER, SJN, HON, KAK)
- produces 1-hour Dst

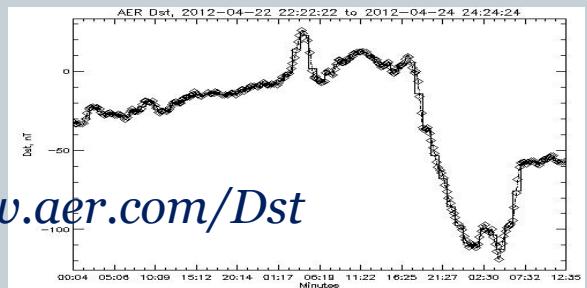


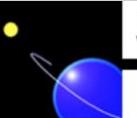
AER & SET

DMSP

- uses SSM data from 2-4 DMSP satellites
- produces 1-hour Dst

<http://www.aer.com/Dst>

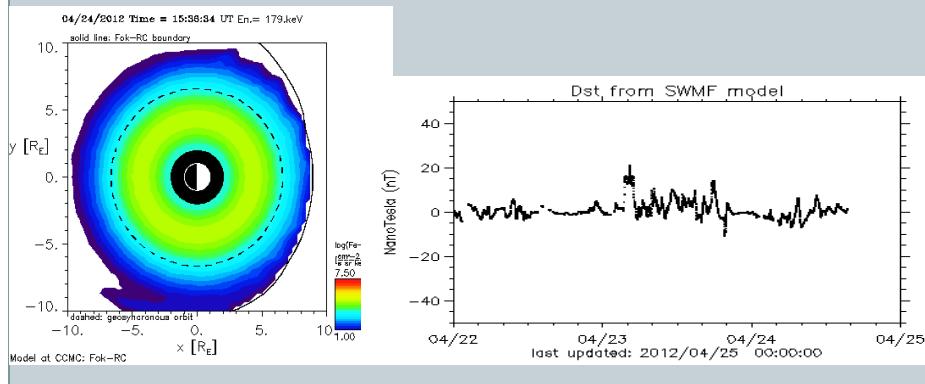




Real-time operational Dst

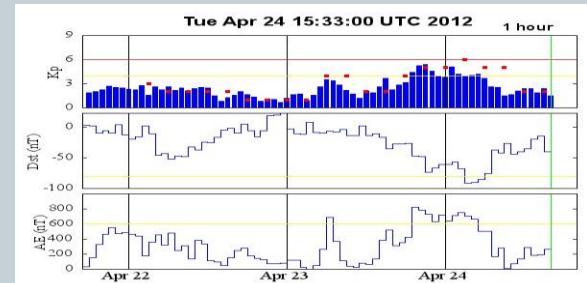
CCMC

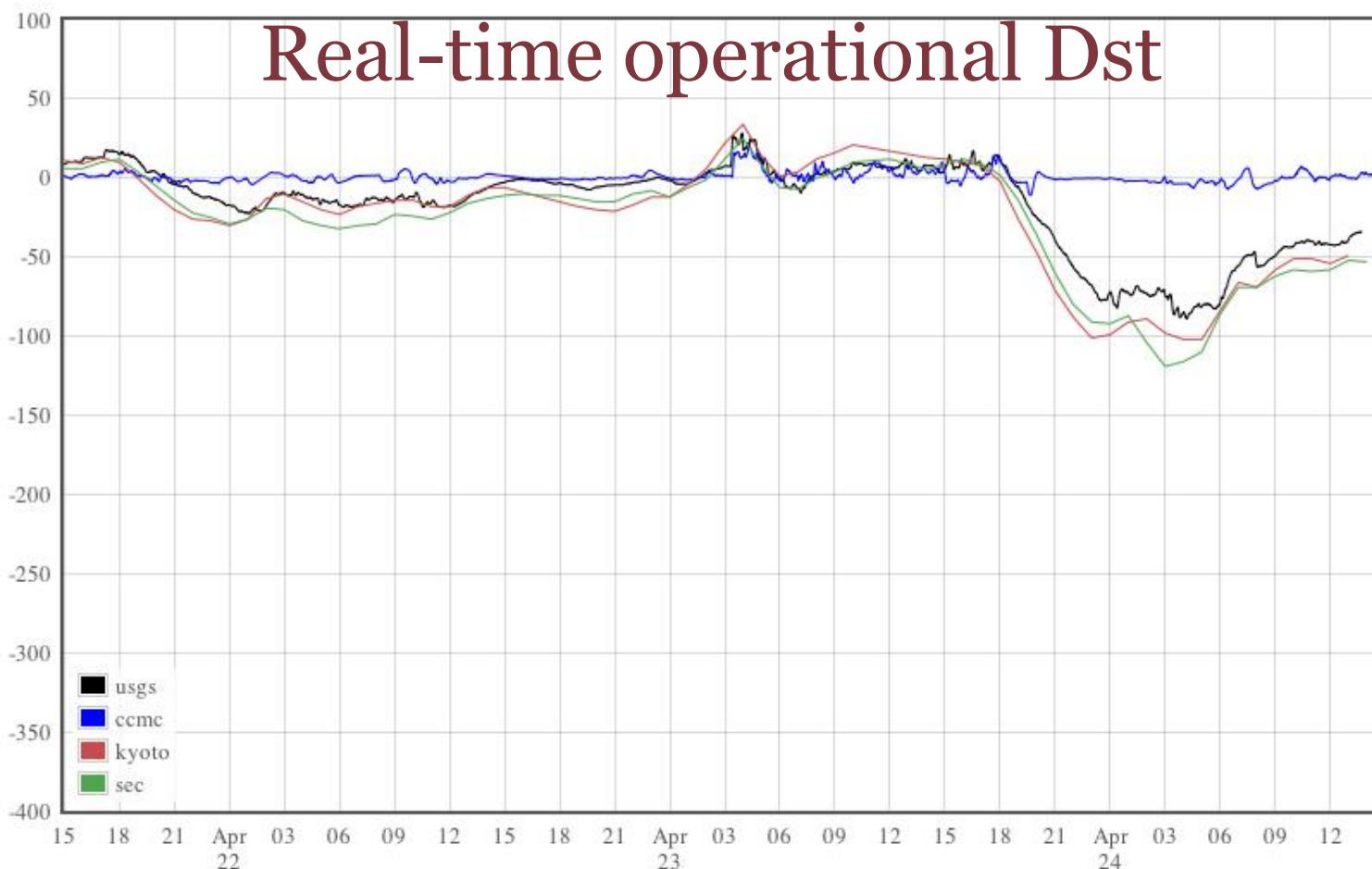
- uses SWMF and Fok Ring Current
- produces 1-minute Dst



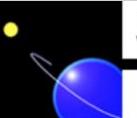
Other sources

- Rice, UCB, Berkeley, ...
- produce 1-hour Dst





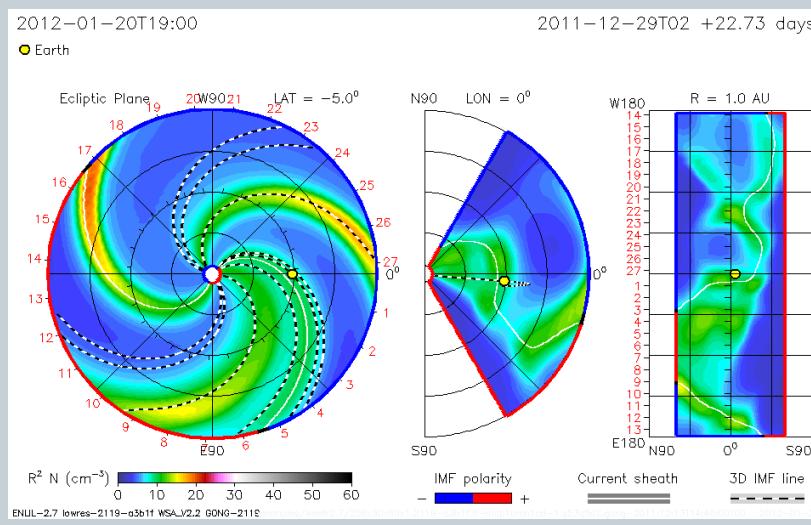
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Dst operational forecasting – Stream A

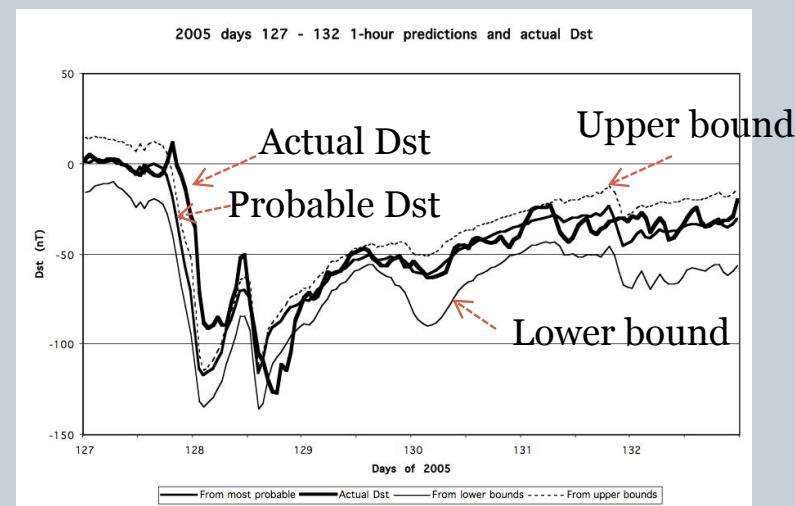
ENLIL/Cone/WSA

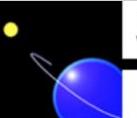
- 72-hour forecast
of hourly Dst



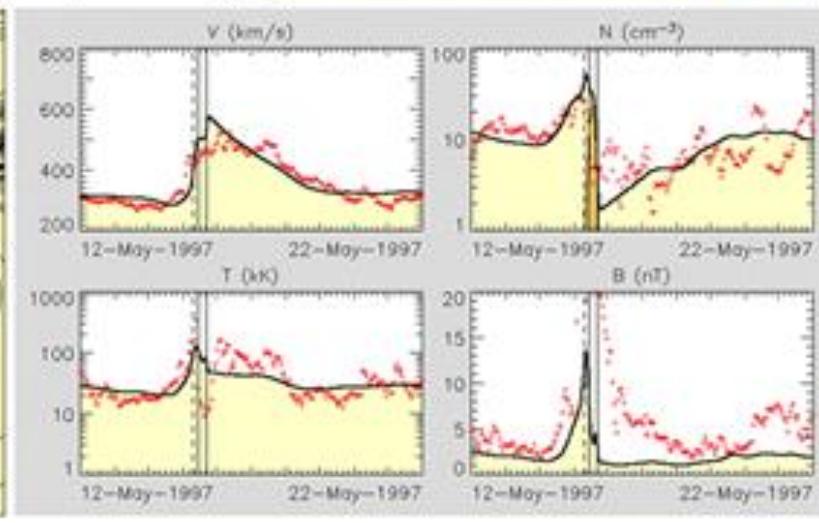
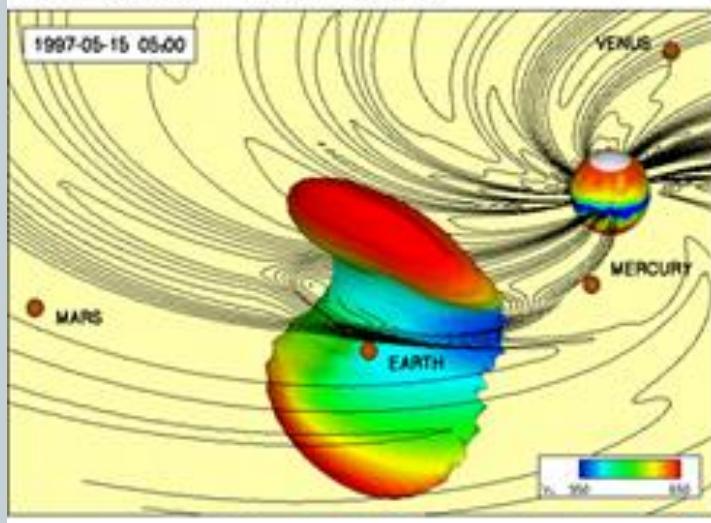
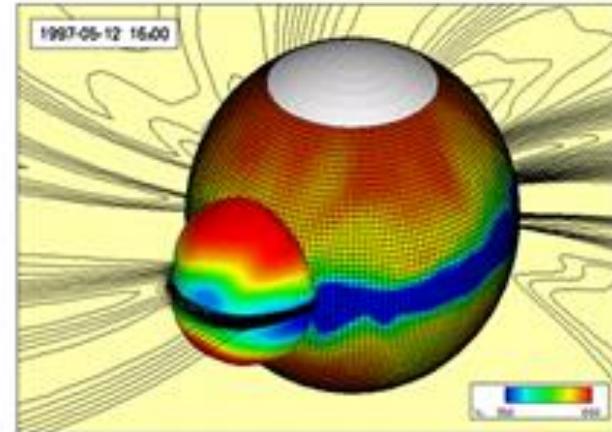
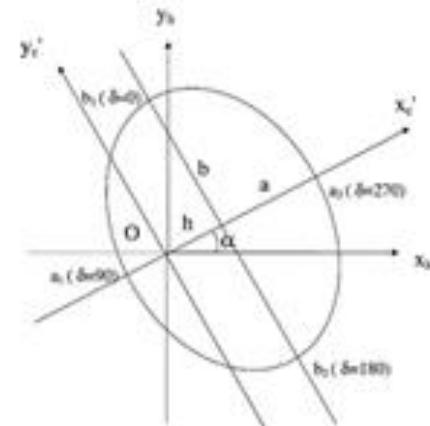
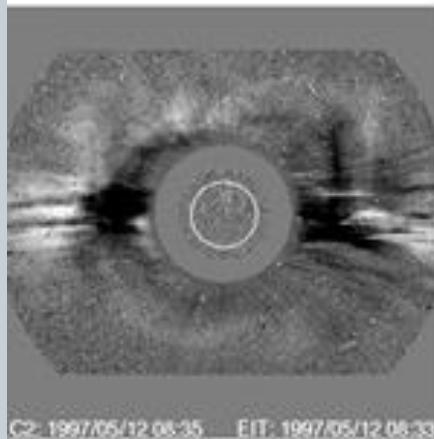
Carmel Research Center

- 1–5 hour
forecast of Dst



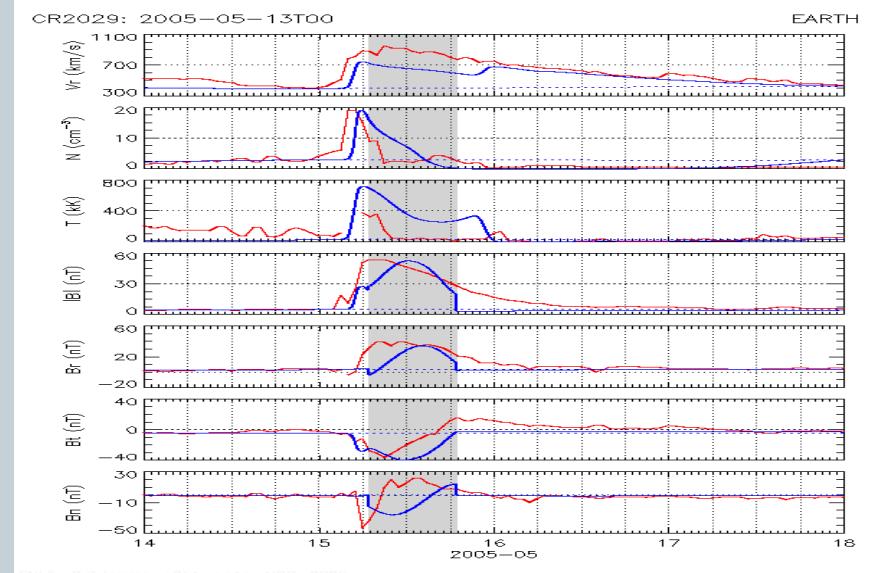
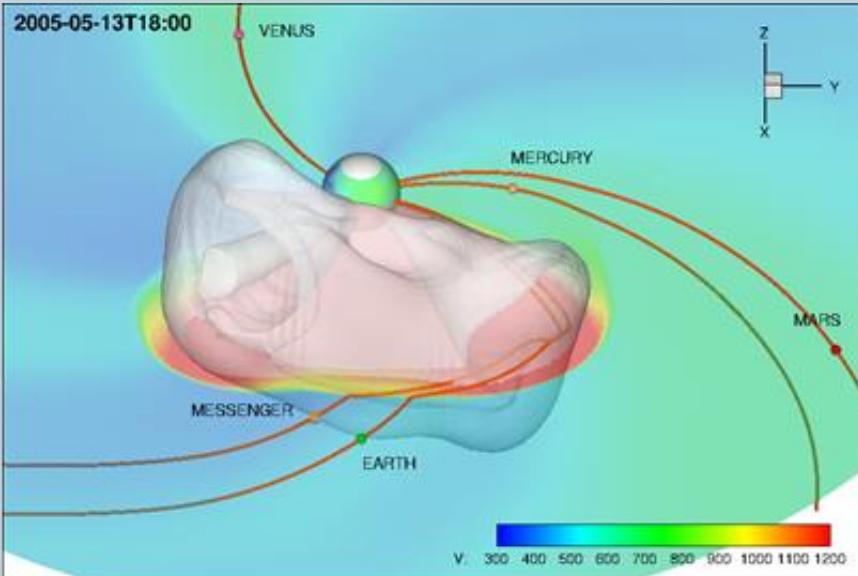


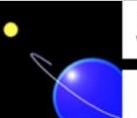
ENLIL/Cone/WSA





ENLIL/Rope/WSA

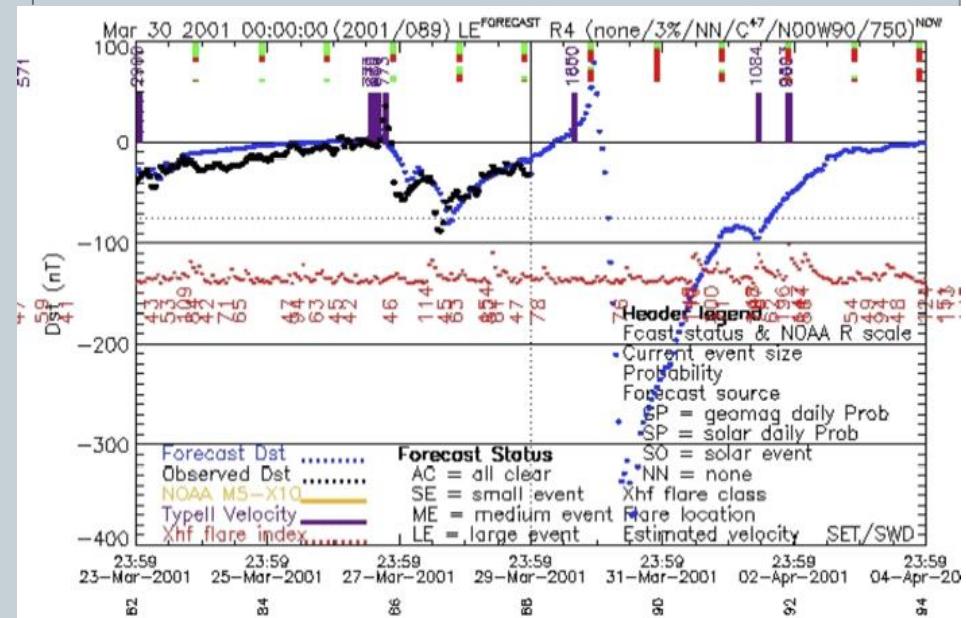


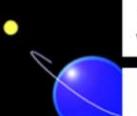


Dst operational forecasting – Stream B

Anemomilos

- Greek word for “windmill”
- 6-day forecast of hourly Dst
- data-driven deterministic algorithm
- uses 3 solar observables to simplify cone & identify events





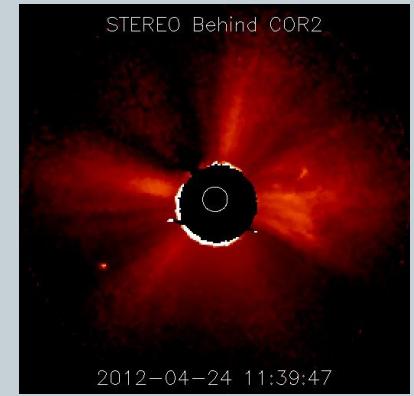
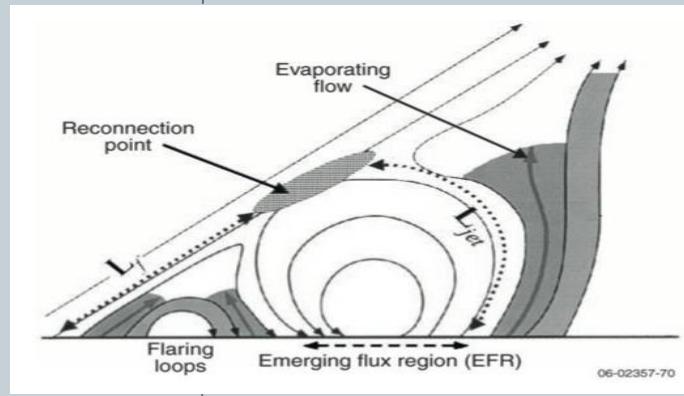
Anemomilos

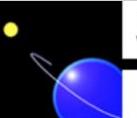
Background

- ejecta (particles) continually shed from flares
- larger ones are CMEs
- evidence in coronagraph images

3 observables needed

- ejecta **speed**
- flare **location**
- ejecta **quantity** (diameter)

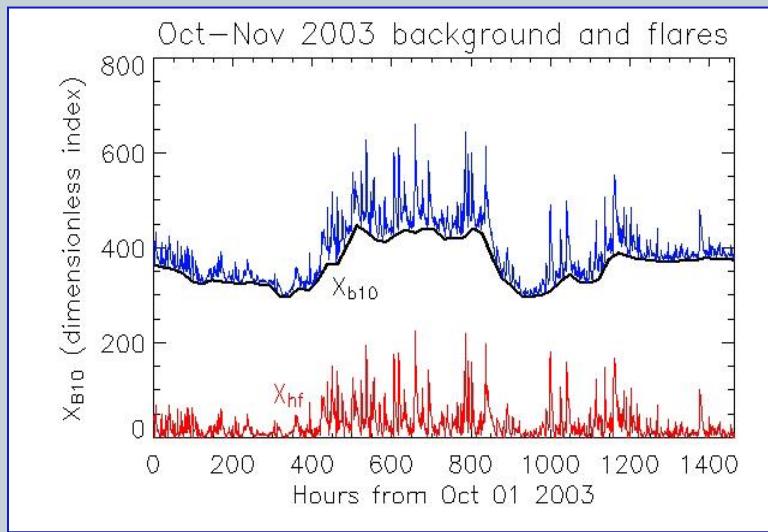




Anemomilos

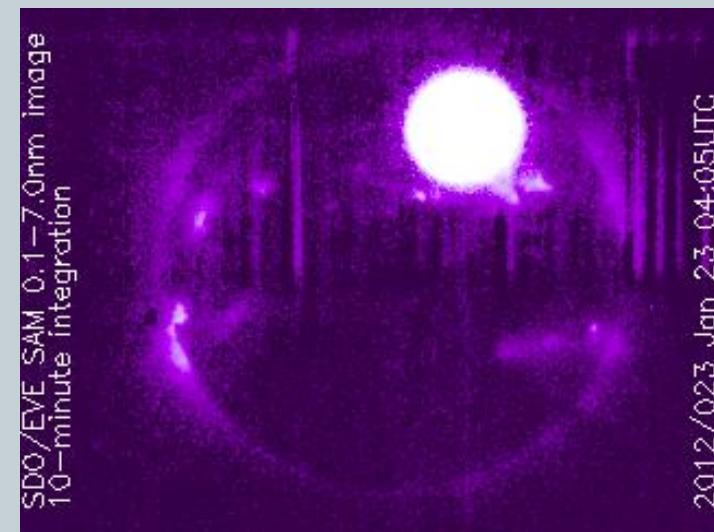
Quantity of ejecta

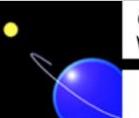
- individual flare magnitude proxy (Xhf)



Location of ejecta

- flare brightness centroid from SDO/EVE SAM





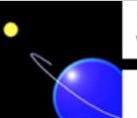
Anemomilos

Speed of ejecta

- post-analysis time-of-flight speeds used in 2001 & 2005
- NO DIRECT OBSERVABLES OR PROXIES FOUND YET

How to estimate speed

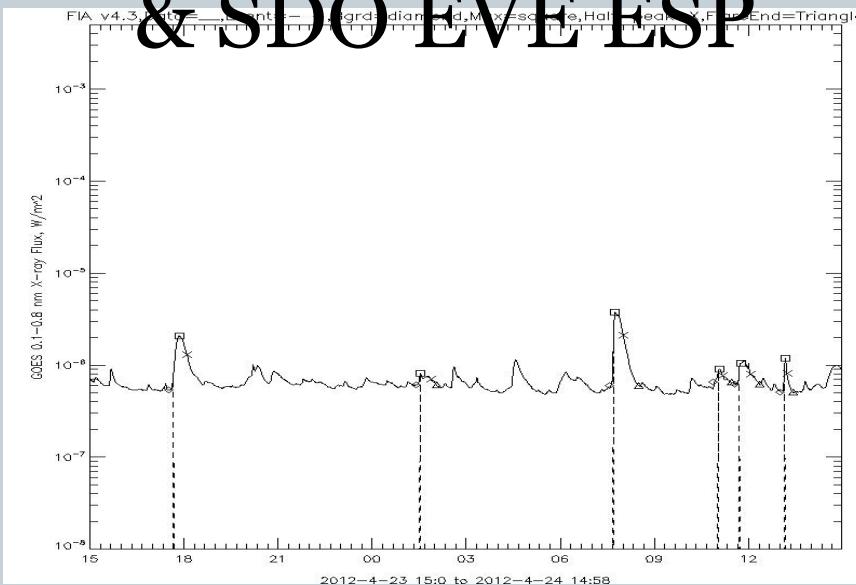
- ✓ Assume 750 km s^{-1}
- ✓ Real-time re-analysis
- ? rate change of brightness of flare Xhf index during the rise to peak
- ? other proxies



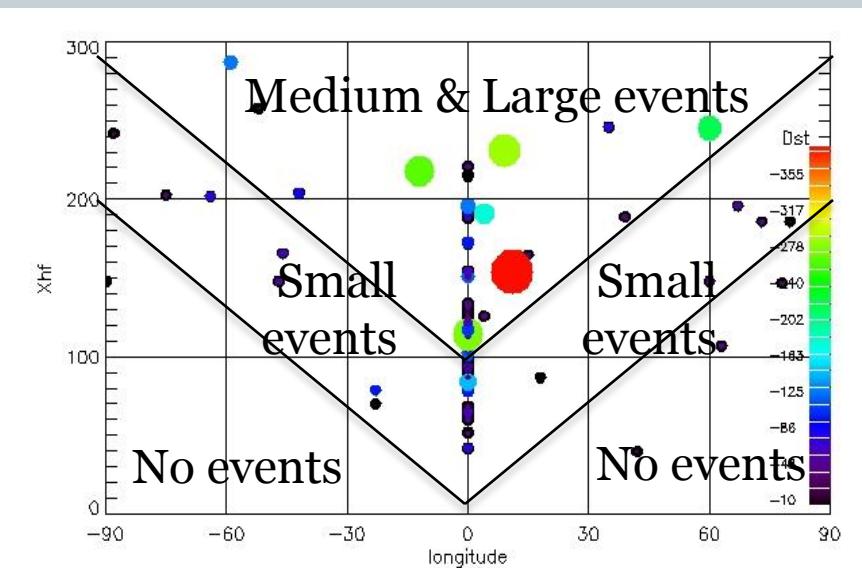
Anemomilos

Rate change of flare brightness proxy

- use GOES XRS & SDO EVE ESP

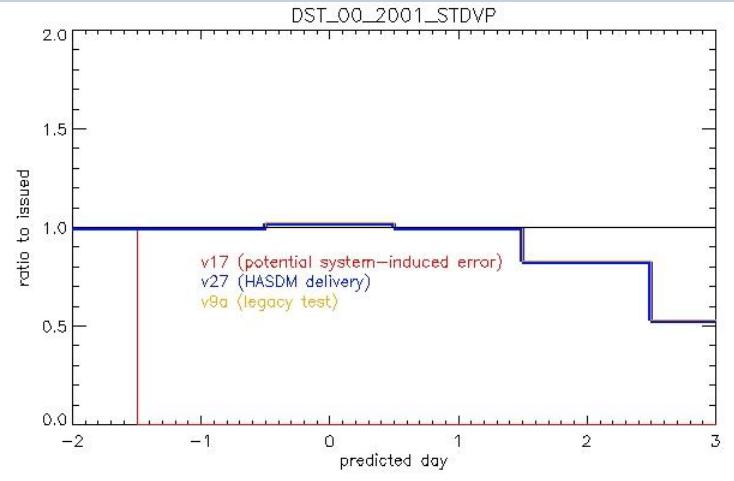
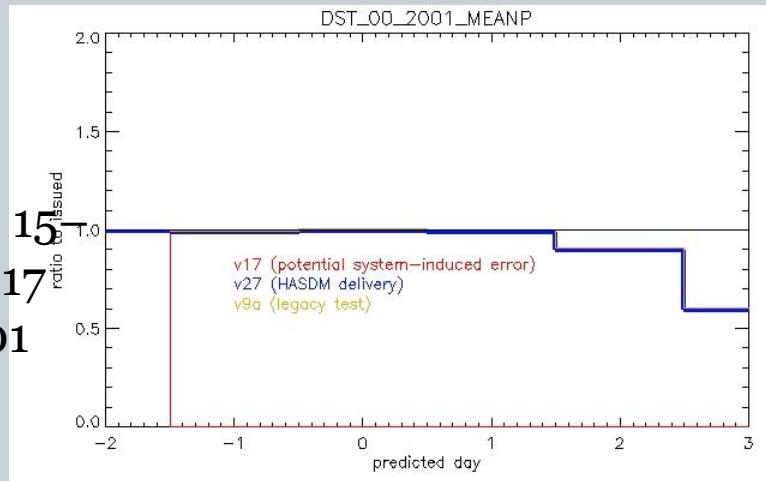


Relationship between Dst event size, Xhf, and disk longitude





Mean value ratio of forecast to issued

1- σ ratio of forecast to issuedJan 15
Jul 17
2001Mar 01
Sep 27
2005